



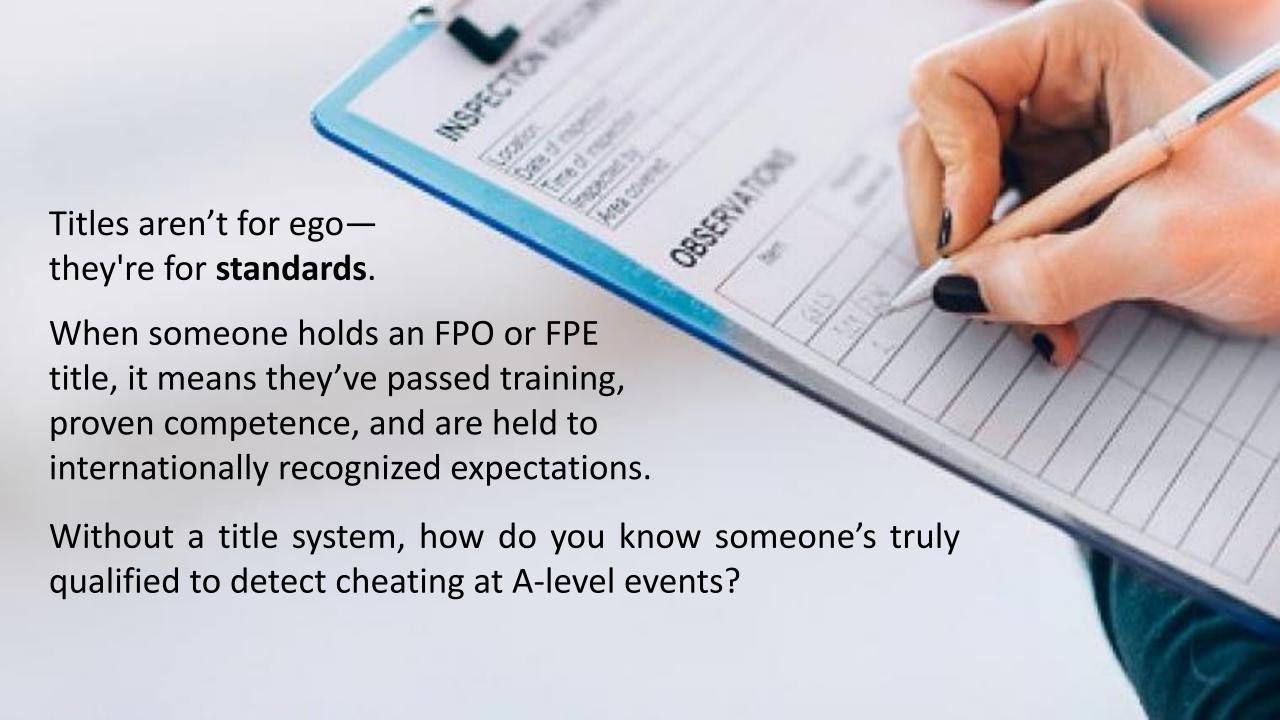
## Times Have Changed—So Must the Tools

Yes, arbiters have done fair play duties for years.

But the **complexity** and **stakes** of modern cheating are at an all-time high. It's no longer just checking pockets or watching for suspicious glances.

It's about behavior analysis, remote monitoring, devices' understanding, statistical red flags, and multi-layered protocols.

That requires **specialized knowledge and continuous education**, just like we have in other chess roles (e.g., Trainers, Organizers).



If the argument is "we never needed titles before," then by that logic, arbiters wouldn't need FA, IA, or NA either.

But we do—because they're **crucial** to structure. Just as IA titles formalize and recognize arbiter **excellence**, FPE/FPO titles do the same for fair play professionals.



## Collaboration Is the Goal, Not Competition

This isn't about "same level" in hierarchy—it's about **team structure**. The goal is not to devalue arbiters, but to make **the entire tournament system stronger**.

Just like a tournament has arbiters, pairings officers, appeals committees, and organizers — Fair Play is another pillar.

Not a rival.





Fair Play Needs Titles but Pairings Officers Don't





Pairings today are done by software like Swiss Manager. The human role is supervisory.

Fair play, however, requires in-the-moment human judgment, pattern recognition, and decision-making under ambiguity.

That kind of role can't rely on just being "an experienced arbiter". It requires dedicated, verified training.

Pairings and Fair Play are both critical—but only one of them directly handles accusations that could derail a player's career. That's why higher formal recognition and oversight is appropriate.

